

# BLIZZARD BAG 1

## BT-II

### SITE SAFETY

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ CLASS/LEVEL: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

1. The ultimate responsibility for on-the-job safety rests with\_\_\_\_\_

- A. You    B. Your supervisor    C. Human resources    D.OSHA

2. Poor housekeeping, excessive noise, and inadequate guards are\_\_\_\_\_

- A. Acceptable risks    B. Unsafe conditions    C. Justifiable conditions    D. Unsafe acts

3. A type 1A ladder is rated for \_\_\_\_\_ use.

- A. 200 lbs, light duty/household    B.225 lbs, medium duty/commercial  
C. 250 lbs, heavy duty/industrial    D.300 lbs, extra heavy duty/professional

4. If you are going to step onto a platform or roof, the top of the ladder should extend at least \_\_\_\_\_ feet above the point where the ladder touches the platform or roof.

- A. 2    B.3    C.4    D.5

5. The highest safe standing level on an extension ladder is the \_\_\_\_\_ rung from the top.

- A. Second    B. Third    C. Fourth    D. Fifth

6. You should report ad accident immediately after it occurs so that\_\_\_\_\_

- A. Someone else can use the machine  
B. First-aid can be applied if necessary  
C. Everyone else can see what is going on

7. Oil or sawdust on the floor should be cleaned up immediately because\_\_\_\_\_

- A. It might be needed for another project
- B. It makes the floor look dirty
- C. Someone might slip on it

8. Hallways and pathways should be kept clean on the jobsite or in the shop because \_\_\_\_\_

- A. You don't want people to trip over anything left in the way
- B. You want to be able to find all of your tools
- C. Most pathways are very small anyway

9. You should not make needless noises on the jobsite or in the shop because\_\_\_\_\_

- A. The shop is already too noisy
- B. You need to pay attention to what you are doing
- C. You should only yell if there is a fire

10. If you want to get someone's attention while they are operating a machine\_\_\_\_\_

- A. Call them loudly
- B. Wave your hands to they see that you want them
- C. Wait until they have finished operating the machine

11. If more than one person is working on a machine \_\_\_\_\_

- A. They should each work some of the controls
- B. Only one person should operate the controls
- C. The instructor should operate the machine

12. You should carry only a few tools at a time because\_\_\_\_\_

- A. You could have an accident if you drop one
- B. They may be too heavy to carry
- C. Someone else may want to use some of the tools

13. In Construction Trades, I can receive a passing grade if \_\_\_\_\_

- A. I horseplay in class or on the jobsite
- B. I put forth my best effort and follow safety rules at all times
- C. I skip class
- D. I come to class unprepared

14. After you have finished using tools or machine accessories, you should \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Return them to the proper storage areas
- B. Leave them out for the next person to use
- C. Place them in the aisle

15. The purpose of OSHA is to assure, as far as possible, safe and healthful working conditions and to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Underwrite workers' compensation programs
- B. Provide material safety data sheets (MSDS)
- C. Preserve human resources

16. Kickback is a hazard occurring when operating \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Power saws
- B. Portable tools with abrasive wheels
- C. Powder-actuated tools
- D. Gasoline-powered tools

17. To prevent heat-related health problem, you should \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Eat plenty of food
- B. Drink plenty of water
- C. Be careful around excavations
- D. Use quality work practices

18. Many builders feel that there is a direct relationship between quality work practices and safety because \_\_\_\_\_

- A. The concentration level is worse when the work is constant
- B. Workers are less likely to be distracted if they rush to complete jobs
- C. Workers who take a long time to do a job have a greater chance for errors
- D. Workers who have a high degree of craftsmanship are safer workers

19. Wearing a hat, sunglasses, and sunscreen are precautions that should be taken to protect workers from \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Cold
- B. Heat
- C. Lyme disease
- D. Sunlight

**20.** Slightly high body temperature, extreme weakness, nausea, or headache are primarily symptoms of \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Hypothermia
- B. Heat exhaustion
- C. Heat stroke
- D. Heat cramps

**21.** Information explaining the hazards associated with certain dangerous substances can be found in \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Right to Know laws
- B. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
- C. American National Standards Institute Regulations

**22.** The most common causes of injury on a construction site are \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Fires
- B. Injuries from falling objects
- C. Falls
- D. Faulty equipment

**23.** Which of the following statements is true about the need for personal protective devices \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Hearing protectors will eliminate all noise
- B. OSHA requires the use of hard hats on all job sites
- C. Eye protection should be worn on all job sites
- D. A dust mask should be worn to protect against fumes or fine dust

**24.** You should always take responsibility for your actions.

- A. True
- B. False

25. Coming to work intoxicated is never ok.

A. True

B. False

26. If you are careful with tools, you do not need to wear safety glasses or goggles.

A. True

B. False

27. You should use your back muscles to lift heavy objects

A. True

B. False

28. Test the sharpness of edge of cutting tools on wood or paper

A. True

B. False

29. Never use your thumb to guide a saw

A. True

B. False

30. Do not work with jewelry, loose clothing, or any hanging objects

A. True

B. False

31. Do not work in restricted areas that are marked off as safety zones

A. True

B. False

**32. Always cut towards your body when you are using a knife**

A. True

B. False

**33. Make sure that your hands are not in front of sharp edged tools while you are using them**

A. True

B. False

**34. Avoid touching moving parts on machinery**

A. True

B. False

**35. Never leave a machine while it is running**

A. True

B. False

**36. Use all tools properly and only for their intended use**

A. True

B. False

**37. Work carefully and do not horseplay on the jobsite or in the shop**

A. True

B. False

**38.** Do not stand directly behind the table saw when ripping stock because of the danger of kickback

A. True

B. False

**39.** Do not cut round stock on the table saw because it could roll and cause injury

A. True

B. False

**40.** When finished using the table saw always lower the blade all the way below the table

A. True

B. False

**41.** In some cases you will have to reach behind the table saw to pull stock through

A. True

B. False

**42.** Never place your hands in front or over the revolving blade even the thought the blade may not extend clear through the stock

A. True

B. False

**43.** When helping another person saw large stock, you may need to pull it through the saw for him/her

A. True

B. False



**44.** When ripping stock narrower than 4", be sure to use a push stick for safety

A. True

B. False

**45.** Set the saw blade so that it will extend approximately 1/8" - 1/4" above the stock to be cut

A. True

B. False

**46.** You may have to cross your arms when cutting on the radial arm saw.

A. True

B. False

**47.** You should hold stock with your left hand, and the cutting saw with your right hand when using the radial arm saw.

A. True

B. False

**48.** Always approach the radial arm saw as if it were running

A. True

B. False

**49.** You should get help if the stock being cut is too long when using a miter box.

A. True

B. False

**50.** You should cut on the right hand side of the mark on the board when cutting trim with a miter box.

A. True

B. False